2020 Mutual Fund Tax Guide



Contents

ı	mportant Dates	2
	Tax Filing Deadline	
	Contribution Deadline	
	Duplicate Tax Form Requests	

Tax Forms	3-14
Taxable Accounts	
1099-B	3-4
1099-DIV	5-6
1099-INT	7
592-B	
Retirement Accounts	
1099-R	9
5498 1	0-11
Coverdell Education Savings	
Accounts	
1099-Q	12
5498-ESA	
Non-U.S. Citizen Accounts	
1042-S	14

Tax Topics 15-18

Backup Withholding on Taxable Accounts

Capital Losses

- Wash Sales
- Long-Term Capital Gain Distributions

Conversions & Recharacterizations Coronavirus-Related Distributions Dividends from U.S. Obligations Dividends Received Deduction (DRD) Excess Contributions Foreign Tax Credit Gift Tax Exclusion Qualified Charitable Contributions Return of Capital Schedule K-1

Tax Assistance19

Online Tools and Resources IRS Forms and Publications IRS Services Guide Contact Your Local Office This guide provides basic information about the 2020 tax forms you may receive this year.

This guide may assist you in preparing your tax return, but it is not intended to provide specific tax advice.

Given the scope and complexity of tax laws, please consult your tax or financial advisor who can provide advice based on your personal financial history and can best assist you in preparing your tax return.

Please do not hesitate to contact one of our representatives at (800) 492-8332 if you have any questions, concerns, or need additional clarification regarding your account.

Thank you for investing with the Buffalo Funds in 2020!

Important Dates

Tax Return Filing Deadline

The Federal Tax Return filing deadline for the 2020 tax year is April 15, 2021. Request for filing extensions are also due on that same date (if applicable).

IRA & CESA Contribution Deadline

The deadline to make contributions into your Traditional IRA, Roth IRA, and Coverdell Education Savings Account (CESA) for the 2020 tax year coincide with the Federal Tax Return filing deadline of April 15, 2021.

Required Tax Form Mail Dates

Form	Date
1099-Q, 1099-R, 592-B	February 1, 2021
1099-B, 1099-DIV*, 1099-INT*	February 16, 2021
1042-S	March 15, 2021
5498-ESA	April 30, 2021
5498	May 31, 2021

*February 1, 2021 date applies if the tax form is NOT furnished as part of a consolidated reporting statement as listed under T.D. 9504,2010-47 I.R.B. 670.

Duplicate Tax Form Requests

Please allow 5 -7 business days after the required tax form mail date for delivery of the original tax forms, prior to requesting a duplicate copy. Please contact one of our representatives if you have any questions, concerns, or need additional clarification regarding your account.

1099-B

Mailed by: February 16, 2021

What does Form 1099-B report?

Form 1099-B reports redemptions or exchanges from a non-retirement or non-money market account. Gain/Loss information is also provided for covered shares.

The section titled 'Not Reported to the IRS' may contain cost basis information for Non-covered shares. This section may indicate the cost basis method for a transaction (See 1099-B instructions for further information).

What types of accounts receive a Form 1099-B?

Taxable accounts for individuals, trusts, estates, partnerships, S corporations, and certain other institutions. Retirement plan accounts will NOT receive this form.

How does cost basis information pertain to Form 1099-B reporting?

If you redeemed shares from a taxable account during 2020, this form may include basis information. IRS regulations generally only requires basis information to be provided for Covered shares purchased *on or after January 1, 2012*. It is generally your responsibility to calculate and report basis information to the IRS for any Non-covered shares; *those shares generally acquired prior to January 1, 2012*.

How is basis reported?

Form 1099-B reporting may contain up to five distinct holding periods, based upon both the length of time the depleted shares were held and the basis reporting requirement of those shares. Reporting of basis information to the IRS depends upon the depleted share designation as Covered, Non-covered, or Unknown.

An IRS basis reporting requirement exists for Covered shares. Basis for Non-covered shares may be available (and reported on Form 1099-B as a courtesy), but it is not reported to the IRS. You are responsible for calculating and reporting basis for shares with an Unknown designation.

Holding period (Basis reporting requirement)

Short-term (Covered) Long-term (Covered)

Short-term (Non-covered)

Long-term (Non-covered)

Unknown (Non-covered)

Multiple Holding Periods

Each redemption or exchange transaction may contain shares with more than one holding period. In the example below, one redemption depleted shares from three separate holding periods on Form 1099-B:

Date of Acquisition	Holding Period	Basis Reported to IRS?
12/5/2011	Long-Term	No, Non-covered
4/14/2018	Long-Term	Yes, Covered
8/6/2020	Short-Term	Yes, Covered

<u>1099-B</u> (cont'd)

Mailed by: February 16, 2021

- 1a Description of property, including Fund name, share price, and quantity sold
- **1b** Date of acquisition of the depleted shares; field will be "blank" if depleted shares were acquired at various dates or if Box 5 shows YES
- 1c Reports date shares sold
- **1d** Reports net proceeds from sale
- **1e** Reflects the cost or other basis of shares redeemed; if Box 5 shows YES, Box 1e may be blank
- 1g Shows the amount of non-deductible loss in a wash sale transaction
- 4 Reports backup withholding to include on your tax return as taxes withheld
- **5** If this box displays YES, the shares redeemed were non-covered (*cost basis not reported to the IRS*) and boxes 1b, 1e, and 1g may be blank

(1a) Description of property			(1b) Date sold (1d) Cost or		Cost or	(4) (1g) (3) Federal		Federal	(5) (15) Non- (14) State		State	(16)		
Transaction	Share Price**	Quantity Sold**	Date acquired	or disposed	Net proceeds	other basis	Wash sale loss disallowed	Proceeds from QOF	income tax withheld	covered	State name	identification no.	State tax withheld	Gain/ (Loss)**
Fund:				Fund-Acct. no.:			PAYER'S TIN:		CUSIP no.:		Cost Basis Method**:			
							2							
Fund:	Fund:		Fund-Acct. no.:				PAYER'S TIN:			CUSIP no.:			Cost Basis Method**:	
FUND TOTAL:														

1099-DIV

Mailed by: February 16, 2021

What does Form 1099-DIV report?

Form 1099-DIV contains reportable dividend, tax-exempt dividend, and capital gains earned from distributions (cash or reinvested) on non-retirement accounts.

What types of accounts receive a Form 1099-DIV?

Taxable accounts for individuals, trusts, estates, partnerships, S corporations, and certain other institutions. Retirement plan accounts will NOT receive this form.

I received a small capital gain or dividend distribution. Why haven't I received a Form 1099-DIV?

You typically will not receive Form 1099-DIV if the total amount of dividends and capital gains for an account is less than \$10. Exceptions to the \$10 threshold include situations where the distribution was subject to either a return of capital (Box 3), backup withholding (Box 4) or a foreign tax credit (Box 7).

However, even if you do not receive Form 1099-DIV, you are generally required to report all your taxable dividends and capital gains on your tax return.

What is a capital gain distribution?

A *Fund* capital gain distribution can occur when a Fund buys and sells stocks and other securities within the Fund's portfolio. This activity may create a net capital gain for the Fund. The Fund then passes through this capital gain distribution to its shareholders, which in turn may be subject to 1099-DIV reporting, depending upon the type of shareholder.

How is a capital gain distribution different than a capital gain incurred when shares of my account are sold?

A *shareholder* capital gain distribution occurs when the shareholder sells shares for a gain in a taxable, non-retirement, non-money market account. See 1099-B reporting earlier.

Do I have to report capital gains and dividends if they are reinvested into my non-retirement account?

Yes, capital gains and dividend distributions are considered income the year in which they are distributed, regardless of whether they are paid in cash or reinvested. The amount of the reinvested dividends and/or capital gains are included in the basis calculation for your account.

1099-DIV (cont'd)

Mailed by: February 16, 2021

- **1a** Total ordinary dividends (including amounts from Box 1b) and short-term capital gains
- **1b** Qualified dividends that may be taxed at a reduced rate depending on your tax bracket
- 2a Total long-term capital gains
- **3** Return of your initial investment, also known as return of capital
- 4 Backup withholding to include on your tax return as taxes withheld
- 5 Dividends potentially eligible for the 20% qualified business income deduction
- 7 Foreign tax paid
- **11** Exempt interest dividends (*including Box 12 amount*)
- **12** Amount of exempt-interest dividends subject to alternative minimum tax (AMT)

(1a) Total ordinary dividends	(1b) Qualified dividends	(2a) Total capital gain distributions	(2b) Unrecap. Sec. 1250 gain	(2d) Collectibles (28%) gain	(3) Nondividend distributions*	(4) Federal income tax withheld	(5) Section 199A dividends	(7) Foreign tax paid*	(9) Cash liquidation distributions	(10) Noncash liquidation distributions	(11) Exempt- interest dividends	(12) Specified private activity bond interest dividends	(15) State tax withheld
Fund:	Fund-Acct.no.:							PAYER'S TIN:		(13) State: XX	(14) Sta	te identification no.:	

1099-INT

Mailed by: February 16, 2021

What does Form 1099-INT report?

Form 1099-INT reports bank deposit-type interest dividends on non-retirement accounts.

What types of accounts receive a Form 1099-INT?

Taxable accounts for individuals, trusts, estates, partnerships, S corporations, and certain other institutions. Retirement plan accounts will NOT receive this form.

- 1 Interest income
- 4 Backup withholding to include on your tax return as taxes withheld

Fund-Acct. no.	(1) Interest income	(3) Interest on U.S. savings bonds and treasury obligations	(4) Federal Income tax withheld	(6) Foreign tax paid*	(8) Tax-exempt interest	(9) Specified private activity bond interest	(14) Tax-exempt and tax credit bond CUSIP no.	(15) State	(16) State identification no.	(17) State tax withheld
Fund:				P	'AYER'S Fed. ID no.:					

<u>592 – B</u> *Mailed by:* February 1, 2021

What does Form 592-B report?

Form 592-B reports State of California backup withholding on redemptions and long-term capital gains.

What types of accounts receive a Form 592-B?

Non-retirement accounts subject to federal backup withholding with a California address.

- 1 Income subject to backup withholding
- 3 Total backup withholding for the State of California

Part III Type of Income Subject to Withholding.	Check the applicable box(es).	
A Payments to Independent Contractors B Trust Distributions C Rents or Royalties D Distributions to Domestic (U.S.) Nonresident Partners/Members/ Beneficiaries/S Corporation Shareholder	E	Other(describe)
Part IV Tax Withheld		
(1) Total income subject to withholding	(2) Total California tax withheld (excluding backup withholding)	(3) Total backup withholding
Fund:	Fund-Acet. no.:	
TOTALS		

Tax Forms - Retirement Accounts

1099-R

Mailed by: February 1, 2021

What does Form 1099-R report?

Form 1099-R reports distributions from a Traditional IRA, Roth IRA, SEP IRA, SIMPLE IRA, and certain Qualified Plans, including a 403(b). IRA trustee-to-trustee transfers are not reportable.

What types of accounts receive a Form 1099-R?

Individual retirement accounts (IRAs) and qualified plan accounts.

- **1** Gross distributions including rollovers, conversions to a Roth IRA, or recharacterized IRA contributions
- **2a** You are generally responsible for calculating the taxable amount for distributions from an IRA
- 4 Federal withholding to include on your tax return as taxes withheld
- 7 Codes to identify the type of distribution (See 1099-R instructions for code descriptions)

Сору В										
Report this income on your federal tax return. If this form shows federal income tax withheld in box 4, attach this copy to your return. This information is being furnished to the IRS.										
Fund-Acct. no.	RECIPIENT'S TIN	I								
1 Gross distribution	PAYER'S TIN									
2a Taxable amount	4 Federal incom	e tax withheld								
2b Taxable amount not determined	7 Distribution	IRA/SEP/SIMPLE								
Total distribution	code(s)									
13 State/Payer's state no.		12 State tax withheld								

Tax Forms - Retirement Accounts

5498 *Mailed by*: May 31, 2021

What does Form 5498 report?

Form 5498 reports IRA contributions, rollovers, conversions, and recharacterizations. Trustee-to-trustee transfers are not reported on this form. Form 5498 also reports the fair market value (FMV) of an IRA as of December 31, 2020, for purposes of determining Required Minimum Distribution (RMD) amounts for the following tax year.

What types of accounts receive a Form 5498?

Individual retirement accounts (IRAs)

Are reinvested capital gains and dividends reported on IRAs?

Capital gains and dividends reinvested into an IRA are not reportable. However, distributions paid in cash are reportable on Form 1099-R.

Why are the SEP and SIMPLE IRA contributions made in 2021 for the 2020 tax year not reported on Form 5498?

IRS rules require calendar year reporting of contributions made to a SEP or SIMPLE IRA. While your investor statement may describe the tax year of your SEP or SIMPLE IRA contributions, the 2020 Form 5498 is required to report only those contributions made during the calendar year of 2020, regardless of the tax year to which those contributions apply.

Maximum Contribution Limits

Taxpayers may contribute up to amounts shown below for the 2020 tax year. For shareholders that reached age 50 by December 31, 2020, "Catch-Up" contribution amounts are provided. See IRS Publication 590-A (Traditional or Roth IRAs) or IRS Publication 560 (SEP or SIMPLE IRAs) for further eligibility requirements.

IRA Type	2020 Contribution Limit	2020 "Catch-Up" Contribution			
Traditional IRA	\$6,000	\$1,000			
Roth IRA	\$6,000	\$1,000			
SEP IRA	\$57,000*	N/A			
SIMPLE IRA	\$13,500	\$3,000			

^{*} The lesser of 25% of compensation or \$57,000

Tax Forms - Retirement Accounts

5498 (cont'd)

Common Field Descriptions

- 1 Traditional IRA contributions made in 2020 and through April 15, 2021 for the 2020 tax year
- **2** Rollover contributions
- 3 Amount converted to a Roth IRA from a Traditional, SEP, or SIMPLE IRA
- 4 Amount recharacterized from one IRA type to another
- 5 Fair market value as of 12/31/2020
- 7 Type of IRA
- 8 SEP IRA contributions made during the 2020 calendar year
- 9 SIMPLE IRA contributions made during the 2020 calendar year
- 10 Roth IRA contributions made in 2020 and through April 15, 2021 for the 2020 tax year
- 11 Will be checked if a Required Minimum Distribution is required for specified tax year

(1) IRA contributions (other than amounts in boxe 2-4, 8-10, and 13a	(3) Roth IRA conversion amount	(4) Recharacterized contributions	(5) FMV of account as of 12-31-20	(8) SEP contributions	(9) SIMPLE contributions	(10) Roth IRA contributions	(11) If checked, required minimum distribution for 2021	(13a) Postponed/late contrib.	(13c) Code	(15a) FMV as of 12-31-20 of certain specified assets
FUND:			Fun	d-Acct. no.:	(7) Type of IRA:				(15b) Code(s): A

Mailed by: May 31, 2021

Tax Forms - Coverdell Education Savings Account

1099-Q

Mailed by: February 1, 2021

What does Form 1099-Q report?

Distributions from a Coverdell Education Savings Account (CESA). Trustee-to-trustee transfers <u>are</u> reportable on this form.

What types of accounts receive a Form 1099-Q?

CESAs

- 1 Gross distributions including rollovers and trustee-to-trustee transfers
- 2 Only displays earnings made on excess contributions, otherwise not applicable for 2020
- 4 Reports if the distribution in Box 1 was a trustee-to-trustee transfer

	Fund-Acct. no.	(1) Gross distribution*	(2) Earnings **	(3) Basis	(4) Trustee -to-trustee transfer	(5) Distribution is from:	(6) If this box is checked, the recipient is not the designated beneficiary	Coverdell ESA fair market value (FMV) as of 12-31-19 *
I	Fund:							S.
						1		E

Tax Forms - Coverdell Education Savings Account

5498-ESA Mailed by: April 30, 2021

What does Form 5498-ESA report?

Form 5498-ESA reports contributions, rollovers, and trustee-to-trustee transfers into a Coverdell Education Savings Account (CESA).

What types of accounts receive a Form 5498-ESA?

CESAs

What is the maximum contribution limit?

Contributions up to \$2000 are allowed for the 2020 tax year. See <u>IRS Publication 970</u> for further eligibility requirements.

- 1 CESA contributions made in 2020 and through April 15, 2021 for the 2020 tax year
- 2 Rollovers and trustee-to-trustee transfers made in 2020

Fund-Ac¢t. no.	(1) Coverdell ESA contributions	(2) Rollover contributions
FUND:		
Summary		

Tax Forms - Non-U.S. Citizen Accounts

1042-S Mailed by: March 15, 2021

What does Form 1042-S report?

Dividends and capital gains from taxable accounts, and distributions from IRA accounts paid to a foreign person or entity.

What types of accounts receive a Form 1042-S?

Foreign persons or entities who received a Fund distribution on their taxable account or liquidated assets from a retirement account.

- **1** Income code
- **2** Gross income paid
- **3** Chapter indicator (3 or 4)
- 3a Chapter 3 exemption code
- **3b** Chapter 3 tax rate
- **4a** Chapter 4 exemption code
- **4b** Chapter 4 tax rate
- 7a Federal tax withheld
- **10** Total withholding credit
- 13b Recipient's country code
- **13h** Recipient's governmental issued ID number (GIIN)

	1545-0096		
3a Exemption code 3b Tax rate 4b Tax rate 13h Recipient's GIIN 13i Recipient's rate in the consumer of the	py B ecipient		
3a Exemption code 4a Exemption code 13g Ch. 4 status code 3b Tax rate 4b Tax rate 13h Recipient's GIIN 13i Recipient's rolling allowance 13k Recipient's GIIN 13i Recipient's rolling that identification number, if any 13k Recipient's account number 13k Recipient's account num			
5 Withholding allowance 6 Net income 7a Federal tax withheld 7b Check if dedoral tax withheld was not deposited with the IRS because escrow procedures were applied (see instructions) 7c Check if withholding occurred in subsequent year with respect to a partnership interest 8 Tax withheld by other agents 9 Overwithned tax repaid to recipient pursuant to adjustment procedures (see instructions) 10 Total withholding credit (combine boxes 7a, 8, and 9) 11 Tax paid by withholding agent (amounts not withheld) (see instructions) 12a Withholding agent's EIN 12b On. 3 status code 11c On. 4 status code 11c On. 5 status code 11c On. 5 status code 11c On. 5 status	1		
Net income 7a Federal tax withheld 7b Check if federal tax withheld was not deposited with the IRS because escrew procedures were applied (see instructions) 7c Check if withholding occurred in subsequent year with respect to a partnership interest 8 Tax withhold by other agents 9 Overwithheld by other agents 10 Total withholding credit (combine boxes 7a, 8, and 9) 11 Tax paid by withholding agent (amounts not withheld) (see instructions) 12a Withholding agent's EIN 12b On. 3 status code 12c On. 4 status code 12c On. 4 status code 13k Recipient's account number 13k Recipient's date of birth (YYYYMMDD) 13l Pecipient's date of birth (YYYYMMDD) 14a Primary Withholding Agent's Name (if applicable) 14b Primary Withholding Agent's EIN 15 Oheck if pro-rata base intermediary or flow-through entity's EIN, if any 15b On. 3 status code 15c On. 4 status code	13j LOB cod		
7a Federal tax withheld 7b Check if federal tax withheld was not deposited with the IRS because escrew procedures were applied (see instructions) 7c Check if withholding occurred in subsequent year with respect to a partnership interect 8 Tax withheld by other agents 9 Overwithheld by other agents 10 Total withholding credit (combine boxes 7a, 8, and 9) 11 Tax paid by withholding agent (amounts not withheld) (see instructions) 12a Withholding agent's EIN 12b Ch. 3 status code 12c Ch. 4 status code			
76 Check if federal tax withheld was not deposited with the IRS because escrow procedures were applied (see instructions) 77 Check if withholding occurred in subsequent year with respect to a partnership interest 8 Tax withholding occurred in subsequent year with respect to a partnership interest 9 Overwithheld by other agents 10 Total withholding credit (combine boxes 7a, 8, and 9) 11 Tax paid by withholding agent (amounts not withheld) (see instructions) 12 Withholding agent's EIN 13 Recipient's date of birth (YYYYMMDD) 14a Primary Withholding Agent's Name (if applicable) 14b Primary Withholding Agent's EIN 15 Oheck if pro-rata base 15a Intermediary or flow-through entity's EIN, if any 15b Oh. 3 status code 15			
escrow procedures were applied (see instructions) 7 C Check if withholding occurred in subsequent year with respect to a partnership interest 8 Tax withhold by other agents 9 Overwitheid tax repaid to recipient pursuant to adjustment procedures (see instructions) 10 Total withholding credit (combine boxes 7a, 8, and 9) 11 Tax paid by withholding agent (amounts not withheld) (see instructions) 12a Withholding agent's EIN 12b On. 3 status code 11c On. 4 status code 13a Recipient's date of birth (YYYYMMDD) 14a Primary Withholding Agent's Name (if applicable) 14b Primary Withholding Agent's EIN 15 Oheck if pro-rata base 15a Intermediary or flow-through entity's EIN, if any 15b On. 3 status code 15c On. 4 status code			
76 Chack if withholding occurred in subsequent year with respect to a partnership interest. 8 Tax withhold by other agents. 9 Overwitheid tax repaid to recipient pursuant to adjustment procedures (see instructions) (10 Total withholding credit (combine boxes 7a, 8, and 9) 11 Tax paid by withholding agent (amounts not withheld) (see instructions) 12a Withholding agent's EIN 12b On. 3 status code 12c On. 4 status code 15c Intermediary or flow-through entity's EIN, if any 15b On. 3 status code 15c Intermediary or flow-through entity's EIN, if any 15b On. 3 status code 15c Intermediary or flow-through entity's EIN, if any 15b On. 3 status code 15c Intermediary or flow-through entity's EIN, if any 15b On. 3 status code 15c Intermediary or flow-through entity's EIN, if any 15b On. 3 status code 15c Intermediary or flow-through entity's EIN, if any 15b On. 3 status code 15c Intermediary or flow-through entity's EIN, if any 15b On. 3 status code 15c Intermediary or flow-through entity's EIN, if any 15b On. 3 status code 15c Intermediary or flow-through entity's EIN, if any 15b On. 3 status code 15c Intermediary or flow-through entity's EIN, if any 15b On. 3 status code 15c Intermediary or flow-through entity's EIN, if any 15b On. 3 status code 15c Intermediary or flow-through entity's EIN, if any 15b On. 3 status code 15c Intermediary or flow-through entity's EIN, if any 15c Intermediary or flow-through entit			
Tax withhold by other agents Tax paid by withholding agent (amounts not withhold) (see instructions) Tax paid by withholding agent (amounts not withhold) (see instructions) Tax paid by withholding agent (amounts not withhold) (see instructions) Tax paid by withholding agent (amounts not withhold) (see instructions) Tax paid by withholding agent (amounts not withhold) (see instructions) Tax paid by withholding agent (amounts not withhold) (see instructions) Tax paid by withholding agent (amounts not withhold) (see instructions)	_		
9 Overwithheid tax repaid to recipient pursuant to adjustment procedures (see instructions) 10 Total withholding credit (combine boxes 7a, 8, and 9) 11 Tax paid by withholding agent (amounts not withheld) (see instructions) 12a Withholding agent's EIN 12b On. 3 status code 12c On. 4 status code			
10 Total withholding credit (combine boxes 7a, 8, and 9) 11 Tax paid by withholding agent (amounts not withheld) (see instructions) 12a Withholding agent's EIN 12b On. 3 status code 11c On. 4 status code			
14b Primary Withholding Agent's EIN 15 Oheck if pro-rate base 11 Tax paid by withholding agent (amounts not withheld) (see instructions) 15a Intermediary or flow-through entity's EIN, if any 15b Ch. 3 status code 15 12a Withholding agent's EIN 12b Oh. 3 status code 12c Oh. 4 status code			
11 Tax paid by withholding agent (amounts not withheld) (see instructions) 15 Oheck if pro-rata bas 15 Intermediary or flow-through entity's EIN, if any 15 D Ch. 3 status code 15			
15a Intermediary or flow-through entity's EIN, if any 15b ch. 3 status code 12 Withholding agent's EIN 12b ch. 3 status code 15 ch. 4 status code 15 ch. 4 status code 15 ch. 4 status code 15 ch. 5 ch. 5 ch. 6 c	is reporting		
12a Withholding agent's EIN 12b On. 3 status code 12c On. 4 status code	5C Ch. 4 status cod		
Tod Intermedialy of now directly Smaller			
12d Withholding agent's name			
15e Intermediary or flow-through entity's GIIN			
	15f Country code 15g Foreign tax identification number, if any		
129 Withholding agent's Global Intermediary Identification Number (GIIN)			
12f Country code 12g Foreign tax identification number, if any 15h Address (number and street)			
The state of the s			
12h Address (number and street) 15i City or town, state or province, country, ZIP or foreign postal	15i City or town, state or province, country, ZIP or foreign postal code		
To only a term, case or province, country, and consequences	oods		
12i City or town, state or province, country, ZIP or foreign postal code 16a Payer's name 16b Payer	r's TIN		
12 Only of town, state of province, country, zir of foreign postar code			
13a Recipient's name 13b Recipient's country code 16c Payer's GIIN 16d On. 3 status code 16e of 16e On. 3 status code 16e On. 3 stat	Oh. 4 status code		
13c Address (number and street) 17a State income tax withheld 17b Payer's state tax no. 17c	Name of state		
13d City or town, state or province, country, ZIP or foreign postal code			
too ony or roung asset or provinces about y, or roungs pooled date			

Backup Withholding

Section 3406(b) of the Internal Revenue Code requires backup withholding to occur upon certain payments being made to a mutual fund shareholder, including dividends, short-term and long-term capital gains, and redemptions/exchanges. Generally, backup withholding applies on a taxable account when the Fund did not receive either a properly completed application or IRS Form W-9. Backup withholding may also be required when the IRS instructed the Fund to withhold due to a TIN/Name mismatch on your account, or due to your failure to pay federal taxes. The backup withholding rate is generally equal to the fourth lowest rate of tax for an individual taxpayer. For 2020, a 24% rate applied.

See <u>IRS Publication 1281</u> for more information.

Capital Losses

Taxpayers who redeemed mutual fund shares at a capital loss during the year may be able to use those losses to offset other capital gains or, in some cases, ordinary income. The IRS has created several rules in order to discourage loss-oriented selling. Two of these rules, wash sales and long-term capital gain distributions, are detailed below.

Wash sales

If you purchase shares of a mutual fund, including reinvested dividends or capital gains, within 30 days before or after you redeemed shares of the same mutual fund for a loss, the redemption will be considered a "wash sale" and some or all of your capital loss will be deferred. The amount of your deferred loss increases the cost basis of the shares purchased which created the wash sale. When those shares are subsequently sold the deferred loss is then allowed. Please consult your tax advisor for more information about wash sale rules.

Long-term capital gain distributions

Capital gain distributions from a mutual fund are generally reported as long-term capital gain regardless of how long you owned shares in a fund. However, if you received a capital gain on shares owned for less than six months, and subsequently sold the shares at a loss, part or all of the loss on the sale of the shares that would normally be considered short-term based on the holding period may be recharacterized as long-term instead. The amount of the loss equal to or less than the capital gain distribution is the amount which will be recharacterized as long-term. The amount of the loss greater than the capital gain distribution remains short-term.

Conversions & Recharacterizations

Conversions

A conversion occurs when you move assets directly from a Traditional, SEP, or SIMPLE IRA into a Roth IRA. Conversions are reported on Forms 1099-R and 5498 based upon the calendar year in which they occur.

Recharacterization of a contribution

Recharacterization of a contribution occurs when the type of contribution is changed from one type (Traditional or Roth) to the other type, prior to the individual's income tax return due date (including extensions).

Regarding a Recharacterization of a Conversion: Section 13611 of the Act eliminated the ability, under Code section 408A(d)(6), to recharacterize a conversion to a Roth IRA, effective for taxable years beginning 2018. For Roth conversions that occurred in 2017, taxpayers had until the 2017 tax return deadline of October 15, 2018 to undo the conversion.

Coronavirus-Related Distributions

Section 2202(a)(4)(A) of the CARES Act defines a coronavirus-related distribution as an authorized distribution made to a qualified individual from an eligible retirement plan made on or after January 1, 2020, and before December 31, 2020. Section 2202(a) (2) of the CARES Act limits the aggregate distribution amount, eligible for treatment as coronavirus-related distributions, to no greater than \$100,000.

Pursuant to section 2202(a)(4)(A)(ii) of the CARES Act, you are a qualified individual if:

- You are diagnosed with the virus SARS-CoV-2 or with coronavirus disease 2019 (COVID-19) by a test approved by the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention;
- Your spouse or dependent is diagnosed with SARS-CoV-2 or with COVID-19 by a test approved by the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention;
- You experience adverse financial consequences as a result of being quarantined, being furloughed or laid off, or having work hours reduced due to SARS-CoV-2 or COVID-19;
- You experience adverse financial consequences as a result of being unable to work due to lack of childcare due to SARS-CoV-2 or COVID-19; or
- You experience adverse financial consequences as a result of closing or reducing hours of a business that you own or operate due to SARS-CoV-2 or COVID-19.

In general, the 10% additional tax under § 72(t) (including the 25% additional tax under § 72(t)(6) for certain distributions from SIMPLE IRAs) does not apply to any coronavirus-related distribution.

A coronavirus-related distribution is permitted to be included in income ratably over 3 years. You may generally repay all or part of the amount of a coronavirus-related distribution to an eligible retirement plan, provided that you complete the repayment within three years after the date that the distribution was originally received. Qualified individuals will use Form 8915-E to report both any recontributions made during the taxable year and to determine the amount of a coronavirus-related distribution subject to inclusion as income for the taxable year.

The Treasury Department and the IRS may issue guidance expanding the list of factors available to determine who may be designated as a qualified individual. See IRS Notice 2020-50 for more information regarding coronavirus-related distributions and repayments.

Absent IRS instructions to the contrary, a coronavirus-related distribution will be reported to you on Form 1099-R as an age-based distribution.

Dividends from U.S. Government Obligations

Some states do not tax their residents on mutual fund income received that is earned directly from U.S. Government obligations. Short-term capital gain distributions, although treated as ordinary income, are generally not eligible for state tax-exemption. A statement indicating the percentage of income your fund earned that was attributable directly to U.S. Government obligations may be included when you receive a Form 1099-DIV.

Dividends Received Deduction (DRD)

A dividend received by a corporation due to stock ownership in another corporation is included in its gross income. At year-end, that income is taxed to the corporation. When the income is paid out to shareholders in the form of a dividend, it is again taxed to the shareholder. When the dividend payment is made to a corporate shareholder and the distributee corporation subsequently pays these earnings out to its shareholders, triple taxation of the earnings can result. To help relieve this triple taxation, corporations are allowed a Dividends Received Deduction (DRD) for the dividends received from other domestic corporations and from certain foreign corporations.

A Regulated Investment Company (mutual fund) is not entitled to the DRD when computing its taxable income. Instead, because of a mutual fund's conduit treatment, the corporate shareholders of a mutual fund are generally entitled to take the DRD with respect to the qualified ordinary income dividends paid by the mutual fund to such shareholders. It should be noted that capital gain distributions by a mutual fund do not qualify for the DRD, as these distributions are treated as long-term capital gains by the shareholders. DRD designation must be made within 60 days of fiscal year end, therefore the DRD is generally included as a footnote in the mutual fund's financial statements.

See <u>IRS Publication 542</u> for more information regarding a DRD.

Excess Contributions

IRA

You will receive Form 5498 that details the total amount of your contribution. If the excess contribution is removed, you will receive Form 1099-R detailing the amount of the excess contribution that was removed, including any earnings. Please consult IRS Publication 590-A for more information regarding IRS penalties associated with excess contributions.

Coverdell Education Savings Account (CESA)

For CESAs, you will receive Form 5498-ESA that details the total amount of your contribution. If the excess contribution is removed, you will receive Form 1099-Q detailing the amount of the excess contribution that was removed, including any earnings. See IRS Publication 970 for more information regarding IRS penalties associated with excess contributions.

Foreign Tax Credit

To avoid double taxation, foreign sourced income already taxed by a foreign country may be passed through to your account as a foreign tax credit. If applicable, Box 7 of Form 1099-DIV will report the foreign tax credit amount, while Box 1a will be increased by that same amount as shown in Box 7. See IRS Publication 514 for more information.

Gift Tax Exclusion

Gift tax is a tax on the transfer of property from an individual to another while receiving nothing, or less than full value, in return. The tax applies whether the donor intends the transfer to be a gift or not. For 2020, a gift of up to \$15,000 per donee per calendar year can be given without paying a gift tax. For example, a gift of \$16,000 to a donee requires that tax is only paid on the difference of \$1,000 for the 2020 tax year. See IRS Publication 559 for more information.

Qualified Charitable Distributions

The Pension Protection Act provision allowing an income exclusion, of up to \$100,000 for qualified charitable distributions from IRAs paid directly to certain charitable organizations after the IRA owner reached RMD age, was extended through December 31, 2014. Distributions from a SEP or SIMPLE IRA do not qualify for this type of designation. The PATH Act of 2015 permanently extended this provision for 2015 and future tax years. See <u>IRS Publication 526</u> for more information.

Return of Capital

A portion of a Fund's distribution may be designated as a return of capital. Such a designation removes the return of capital amount from being considered income. The basis in your account is decreased by the return of capital amount. If applicable, Box 3 of Form 1099-DIV will contain the return of capital amount.

Schedule K-1

A partnership that invests in a mutual fund is eligible to receive Forms 1099-B and 1099-DIV. The partnership is then required to provide Schedule K-1 to each underlying partner, reporting each partner's share of the partnership's income. The partnership is additionally required to file a copy of Schedule K-1 with the IRS. Schedule K-1 inquiries should be forwarded directly to the partnership.

Tax Assistance

Online Tools and Resources

- Resolve many tax issues online or by phone using the <u>Let Us Help You</u> page available on the IRS website.
- Use the <u>Interactive Tax Assistant</u> or <u>Publication 17</u> "Your Federal Income Tax", a comprehensive tax guide for individuals to locate information quickly.
- Visit <u>Take Steps Now to Get a Jump on Next Year's Taxes</u> page to access IRS information and reminders for this tax year.

IRS Forms and Publications

Access IRS Forms and Publications page to view publications.

IRS Services Guide

Check Publication 5136 for additional information on available services from the IRS.

Contact Your Local Office

Locate the closest Taxpayer Assistance Center to make an in-person appointment by visiting the <u>Taxpayer Assistance Center Office Locator</u> or by calling (844) 545-5640.

