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#### Dear Valued Shareholder:

The purpose of this tax guide is to provide basic information about the 2015 tax forms you have received or that may be provided later this year. The information on pages 9-21 lists the various tax forms, who will receive them, and required mailing dates.

Please note that although this guide may assist you in preparing your tax return, it is not designed to provide specific tax advice or guidance. Given the scope and complexity of tax laws, you should consult your tax or financial advisor who may have knowledge of your personal financial history and who can best assist you in preparing your tax return.

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### Tax Items of Interest

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### **Duplicate Tax Forms**

Should you require a duplicate tax form, please refer to the table below for dates of availability. Please do not hesitate to contact one of our representatives at <<mgtco phone number>>, if you have any questions, concerns or need additional clarification regarding your account.

Tax Form	Required Mail Date	Duplicate Tax Form Availability Date
<u>1099-Q</u> , <u>1099-R</u> , <u>592-B</u>	February 1, 2016	February 8, 2016
<u>1099-B</u> , <u>1099-DIV</u> , <u>1099-INT</u>	February 16, 2016	February 22, 2016
<u>1042-S</u>	March 15, 2016	March 28, 2016
<u>5498-ESA</u>	May 2, 2016	May 9, 2016
<u>5498</u>	May 31, 2016	June 6, 2016

#### Traditional and Roth IRA Contribution Due Dates

The due date for 2015 tax year Traditional and Roth IRA contributions coincides with the Federal Tax Return filing deadline. As Washington D.C. observes Emancipation Day on April 15, 2016, the general tax return filing deadline and therefore the Traditional and Roth IRA contribution deadline is moved to Monday, April 18, 2016. Residents of Maine and Massachusetts are afforded an extra day (April 19, 2016) to file their federal tax returns and thus to perform those contributions, as those two states observe Patriot's Day on April 18<sup>th</sup>.

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#### **Income Tax Rates**

<u>The American Taxpayer Relief Act (H.R.8)</u>, signed in December 2012, made permanent or extended several tax provisions beneficial to mutual fund shareholders. Current Tax rates on Long-term Capital Gains and Qualified Dividend Income (QDI) are shown below. Section 3406(b) of the Internal Revenue Code requires 28% backup withholding to occur upon certain payments being made to a mutual fund shareholder, including dividends, short-term and long-term capital gains, and redemptions/exchanges.

Ordinary Income Tax Rate	Ordinary Dividend Tax Rate	QDI and Long-Term Capital Gains Tax Rate
10%	10%	0%
15%	15%	0%
25%	25%	15%
28%	28%	15%
33%	33%	15%
35%	35%	15%
39.6%	39.6%	20%

### **Gift Tax Exclusion**

Gift tax is a tax on the transfer of property by one individual to another while receiving nothing, or less than full value, in return. The tax applies whether the donor intends the transfer to be a gift or not. The annual gift tax exclusion during the calendar year is \$14,000 for 2015 and 2016.

### **Backup Withholding on Taxable Accounts**

Generally, backup withholding applies when the Fund did not receive either a properly completed application or IRS Form W-9. Another reason is that the IRS may have instructed the Fund to withhold due to a TIN/Name mismatch on your account or due to your failure to pay federal taxes. The current backup withholding rate is 28%.

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#### **Charitable Contributions**

The Pension Protection Act provision allowing an income exclusion of up to \$100,000 for qualified charitable distributions from IRAs which were paid directly to certain charitable organizations after the IRA owner attained the age of 70 ½ was extended through December 31, 2014. Distributions from a SEP or SIMPLE IRA do not qualify for this type of designation. The PATH Act of 2015 permanently extended this provision for 2015 and future tax years.

#### **Excess Contributions**

You will receive Form 5498 or Form 5498-ESA that details the total amount of your contribution. If the excess contribution is removed, you will receive Form 1099-R or Form 1099-Q detailing the amount of the excess contribution that was removed, including any earnings. Please consult IRS <u>Publication 590-A</u> and <u>Publication 970</u> for more information regarding IRS penalties associated with excess contributions.

#### **Conversions, Recharacterizations and Reconversions**

- > A **conversion** occurs when you move assets directly from a Traditional, SEP or SIMPLE IRA into a Roth IRA. Conversions are reported based upon the calendar year in which they are received.
- > A **recharacterization** occurs when you undo a prior IRA contribution or conversion. Recharacterizations may be applicable to both current and prior year contributions. The opportunity may exist to perform a recharacterization up to 6 months after the federal tax return filing due date.
- A **reconversion** occurs when you move assets directly from a Traditional, SEP or SIMPLE IRA into a Roth IRA. You cannot reconvert within the same calendar year as a conversion, nor within the 30 day period immediately following a recharacterization.

Please consult IRS <u>Publication 590-A</u> and <u>Publication 590-B</u> for specific conversion, recharacterization and reconversion qualification rules.



### **Dividends from U.S. Government Obligations**

Some states do not tax their residents on mutual fund income received that is earned directly from U.S. Government obligations. Short-term capital gain distributions, although treated as ordinary income, are generally not eligible for state tax-exemption. A statement may accompany your Form 1099-DIV indicating the percentage of income your fund earned that was attributable directly to U.S. Government obligations.

### **Dividends Received Deduction (DRD)**

A dividend received by a corporation due to stock ownership in another corporation is included in its gross income. At year-end, that income is taxed to the corporation. When the income is paid out to shareholders in the form of a dividend, it is again taxed to the shareholder. When the dividend payment is made to a corporate shareholder and the distributee corporation subsequently pays these earnings out to its shareholders, triple taxation of the earnings can result. To help relieve this triple taxation, corporations are allowed a Dividends Received Deduction (DRD) for the dividends received from other domestic corporations and from certain foreign corporations.

A Regulated Investment Company (mutual fund) is not entitled to the DRD when computing it's taxable income. Instead, because of a mutual fund's conduit treatment, the corporate shareholders of a mutual fund are generally entitled to take the DRD with respect to the qualified ordinary income dividends paid by the mutual fund to such shareholders. It should be noted that capital gain distributions by a mutual fund do not qualify for the DRD, as these distributions are treated as long-term capital gains by the shareholders. DRD designation must be made within 60 days of fiscal year end, therefore the DRD is generally included as a footnote in the mutual funds financial statements.

#### Schedule K-1

A partnership that invests in a mutual fund is eligible to receive Forms 1099-B and 1099-DIV. The partnership is then required to provide Schedule K-1 to each underlying partner, reporting each partner's share of the partnership income. The partnership is additionally required to file a copy of Schedule K-1 with the IRS. Schedule K-1 inquiries should be directly to the partnership.

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#### **Alternative Minimum Tax**

The Alternative Minimum Tax (AMT) was created to prevent excessive use of tax deductions and credits. Its goal is to ensure that individuals who benefit from these deductions pay a minimum amount of federal income tax. Refer to the instructions for Form 1040 or Form 6251 to determine if this tax applies to you.

The AMT calculation begins with your regular taxable income and adjusts for certain "tax-preference" items. One of these "tax-preference" items that would be added back to your regular taxable income is tax-exempt interest from private activity bonds. Private activity bonds are municipal bonds issued to benefit private, for-profit operations. If you own shares of a fund that invests in private activity bonds, you must include that portion of the funds distributions that are attributable to private activity bonds as a "tax-preference" item in your AMT calculation. If a fund invests in private activity bonds, a letter will generally be sent that reports to its shareholders the amount of distributions subject to the AMT.

### **Return of Capital**

On occasion, an income distribution may have a portion that is considered a return of capital. The return of capital portion of the original income distribution is not considered income. Therefore, it is returned to you by decreasing the basis in your account by the return of capital amount. If applicable, Box 3 of Form 1099-DIV will contain the return of capital amount.

### **Foreign Tax Credit**

To avoid double taxation, foreign sourced income already taxed by a foreign country may be passed through to your account as a foreign tax credit. If applicable, Box 6 of Form 1099-DIV will report the foreign tax credit amount, while Box 1a will be increased by that same amount as shown in Box 6. See <u>IRS Publication 514</u> for additional details.

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### **Capital Losses**

Taxpayers who redeemed mutual fund shares at a capital loss during the year may be able to use those losses to offset other capital gains or, in some cases, ordinary income. The IRS has created several rules in order to discourage loss-oriented selling. Two of these rules, wash sales and long-term capital gain distributions, are detailed below.

#### Wash Sales

If you purchase shares of a mutual fund, including reinvested dividends or capital gains, within 30 days before or after you redeemed shares of the same mutual fund for a loss, the redemption will be considered a "wash sale" and some or all of your capital loss will be deferred. The amount of your deferred loss increases the cost basis of the shares purchased which created the wash sale. When those shares are subsequently sold the deferred loss is then allowed. Please consult your tax advisor for more information about wash sale rules.

#### o Long-Term Capital Gain Distributions

Capital gain distributions from a mutual fund are generally reported as long-term capital gain regardless of how long you owned shares in a fund. However, if you received a capital gain on shares owned for less than six months, and subsequently sold the shares at a loss, part or all of the loss on the sale of the shares that would normally be considered short-term based on the holding period may be recharacterized as long-term instead. The amount of the loss equal to or less than the capital gain distribution is the amount which will be recharacterized as long-term. Theamount of the loss greater than the capital gain distribution remains short-term.

### Form more information

Please refer to the Additional Resources section in this tax guide for more information and consult a tax advisor.

### Form 1099-DIV



### What Does Form 1099-DIV Report?

Form 1099-DIV reports all tax reportable dividend, tax-exempt dividend and capital gain earned from distributions (cash or reinvested) on non-retirement accounts.

Dividend information may require reporting on either IRS Form 1040, 1040 A or 1040 Schedule B while capital gain information may require reporting on IRS Form 1040 Schedule D.

Unless backup withholding applied, you will not receive Form 1099-DIV if the total amount of dividends and capital gains for an account are less than \$10.

Even if you do not receive Form 1099-DIV, you must still report all of your taxable dividends and capital gains on your tax return.

#### Who Will Receive Form 1099-DIV?

Individuals, trusts, estates, partnerships, S corporations and certain other institutions.

Retirement plan accounts will NOT receive this form.

### **Required Mail Date**

February 16, 2016

# What is a capital gain distribution and how is that different from a capital gain that is incurred when shares of my account are sold?

A **Fund** Capital Gain Distribution can occur when a fund buys and sells stocks and other securities within the fund's portfolio. This activity may create a net capital gain for the fund. This capital gain distribution is taxable for non-retirement accounts. A **Shareholder** Capital Gain Distribution occurs when the shareholder sells shares for a gain in a taxable, non-retirement, non-money market account.

### Do I have to report reinvested capital gains and dividends on a non-retirement account?

Yes, capital gains and dividend distributions are considered income in the year they are distributed regardless whether they are paid in cash or reinvested. The amount of the reinvested dividends and capital gains are then added to your account basis.

## $Form 1099 \hbox{-}DIV \ (cont'd)$



Вох	Description
1a	Reports total ordinary dividends, including short-term capital gains (will include amount from box 1b)
1b	Reports qualified dividend income that may be taxed at a reduced rate depending on your tax bracket
2a	Reports total long-term capital gains
3	Reports a return of yourinitial investment, also known as return of capital

Вох	Description
4	Reports backup withholding to include on your tax return as taxes withheld
6	Reports foreign tax paid
10	Reports tax-exempt interest dividends which are reportable on line 8B of Form 1040 or 1040A
11	If applicable, reports tax-exempt interest AMT dividends. See the instructions for Form 6251, Alternative Minimum Tax – Individuals

FORM 109	FORM 1099-DIV • DIVIDENDS AND DISTRIBUTIONS •									
(1a) Total ordinary dividends	(1b) Qualified dividends	(2a) Total capital gain distributions	(2b) Unrecap. sec. 1250 gain	(2d) Collectibles (28%) gain	(3) Nondividend distributions	(4) Federal income tax withheld	(6) Foreign ta <b>x</b> paid*	(8) Cash liquidation distributions	(10) Exempt- interest dividends	(11) Specified private activity bond interest dividend
Fund:	<u> </u>	ties stele		Fund-Acct.	no.:		PAYER'S Fed. ID no.:			
168.93	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0,0

### Form 1099-B



### What Does Form 1099-B Report?

Form 1099-B reports redemptions or exchanges from a non-retirement or non-money market account. The information displayed on Form 1099-B is used to report gain/loss information on IRS Form 1040, Schedule D and Form 8949.

The section titled 'Not Reported to the IRS' may provide cost basis information on non-covered shares. This section may provide the cost basis method for a transaction, please see the Form 1099-B Backer for further information.

Gain/Loss data provided as a courtesy. This figure may require adjustment, please see the IRS instructions for Forms 8949, Schedule D and 1040 for reporting details.

#### Who will receive form 1099-B?

Individuals, trusts, estates, partnerships, S corporations and certain other institutions with redemptions during 2015.

Retirement plan accounts will NOT receive this form.

### **Required Mail Date**

February 16, 2016

### How does Cost Basis information Pertain to Form 1099-B Reporting?

If you redeemed shares from a taxable account during 2015, your form 1099-B may include cost basis information. Please remember, cost information is required only for covered shares purchased on or after January 1, 2012 and only those shares are reported to the IRS. It remains your responsibility to calculate and report basis information to the IRS for non-covered shares, generally acquired prior to January 1, 2012. Please see the IRS instructions for Forms 8949, Schedule D and 1040 for details on how to report basis information.

### Form 1099-B (cont'd)



### **How Is Basis Reported?**

Form 1099-B reporting consists of up to five holding periods, based upon the combination of the length of time that the depleted shares were held and the basis reporting requirements of those shares.

- ➤ Short-Term transactions for which basis is reported to the IRS (Short-Term, Basis Reported to IRS)
- ➤ Short-Term transactions for which basis is not reported to the IRS (Short-Term, Basis NOT Reported to IRS)
- ➤ Long-Term transactions for which basis is reported to the IRS (Long-Term, Basis Reported to IRS)
- ➤ Long-Term transactions for which basis is not reported to the IRS (Long-Term, Basis NOT Reported to IRS)
- Transactions for which basis is not reported to the IRS and for which Short-Term or Long-Term determination is not available (Unknown)

Reporting of basis information to the IRS depends upon the depleted share designation as either covered, non-covered, or unknown.

An IRS basis reporting requirement exists for covered shares are generally acquired after 01/01/2012 for which. Basis for non-covered shares may be available (and reported on Form 1099-B as a courtesy), however, it is not reported to the IRS.

### **Example of Multiple Holding Periods**

A single redemption or exchange transaction may contain multiple holding periods, as displayed in the example below.

A redemption depletes the following shares:

Date of Share Acquisition	Holding Period	Reported to IRS (Covered)
12/05/2011	Long-Term	No
04/14/2012	Long-Term	Yes
08/06/2015	Short-Term	Yes

The above example would result in three separate holding periods on Form 1099-B.

- ➤ Short-Term, Basis Reported to IRS holding period for the shares originally acquired 08/06/2015
- ➤ Long-Term, Basis Reported to IRS holding period for the shares originally acquired 04/14/2012
- ➤ Long-Term, Basis NOT reported to IRS holding period for the shares originally acquired 12/05/2011

## $Form 1099 \hbox{-} B \ (\hbox{cont'd})$



Вох	Description
1a	Description of property including share price and quantity sold
1b	Date of acquisition of the fund shares that were sold; will be blank if shares acquired at different dates are included in the transaction or if Box 5 shows YES
1c	Reports date shares sold
1d	Reports net proceeds from sale
1e	Reflects the cost or other basis of shares redeemed. If Box 5 shows YES, Box 1e may be blank

Вох	Description
1f/g	Shows the amount of nondeductible loss in a washsale transaction
4	Reports backup withholding to include on your tax return as taxes withheld
5	If this box displays YES, the shares sold were non-covered (cost basis not reported to the IRS) and boxes 1b, 1e, and 1f/1g may be blank

FORM 1099-B	<ul> <li>PROCEEDS FROM BROKER &amp; BARTER EXCHANGE TRANS</li> </ul>								
Short-term transactions for which basis is reported to the IRS; report on Form 8949, Part I with Box A checked.									
(1a) Description of	Property								
Transaction	Share Price**	Quantity Sold**	(1b) Date Acquired	(1c) Date sold or disposed	(1d) Net proceeds	(1e) Cost or other basis	(1f/1g) Wash sale adjustments	(4) Federal income tax withheld	(5) Non- covere securit
Fund: Fund-Acct no.: PAYER'S Fed. ID no.:									
SHARES REDEEMED - ACH	29.080	3.392		03/10/15	98.64	86.75	0.00	0.00	
FUND TOTAL:					98.64	86.75	0.00	0.00	

### Form 1099-R



### What Does Form 1099-R Report?

Form 1099-R reports distributions from a Traditional IRA, Roth IRA, SEP IRA, SIMPLE IRA and certain Qualified Plans. This information must be reported on IRS Form 1040 or Form 1040A, and may be reported on Form 8606 and Form 8329.

#### Who Will Receive Form 1099-R?

Individuals who took a distribution from their Traditional IRA, Roth IRA, SEP IRA, SIMPLE IRA, or certain Qualified Plans in 2015. IRA trustee to trustee transfers are not reportable.

### **Required Mailing Date**

February 1, 2016

Вох	Description
1	Gross distributions including rollovers or transfer conversions to a Roth IRA or a recharacterized IRA contribution
2a	The taxable amount for distributions from IRAs is generally not computed
4	Federal withholding
7	Codes that identify the type of distribution made (see the reverse side of 1099-R for detailed descriptions of codes)

Copy C For Recipient's Records							
This information is being furnished to the Internal Revenue Service.							
(Keep for your records)							
Fund-Acct. no.	tification number						
1 Gross distribution	dentification number						
49.84							
2a Taxable amount	4 Federal income tax withheld						
49.84	4.98						
2b Taxable amount not determined X	7 Distribution code(s)	IRA/SEP/SIMPLE					
Total distribution	7 X						
		12 State tax withheld					
		0.00					
13 State/Payer's state no.							

### Form 5498



### What Does Form 5498 Report?

Form 5498 reports IRA contributions, rollovers, conversions, and recharacterizations. These amounts are reported on IRS Forms 1040, 1040A, or 8606. Form 5498 also reports the fair market value (FMV) of an IRA as of December 31, 2015, for purposes of determining Required Minimum Distribution amounts for the following tax year.

#### Who Will Receive Form 5498?

Individuals with an IRA who performed a contribution, rollover, recharacterization, or conversion to a Traditional, Roth, SEP, or SIMPLE IRA for 2015. Trustee to trustee transfers are not required to be reported on this form.

### **Required Mailing Date**

May 31, 2016, except for FMV information, which is supplied via the annual investor statement in January.

### **Reportability of Capital Gains and Dividends on IRAs**

Capital gains and dividends reinvested within an IRA account are not reportable, however, those distributions, if paid as cash, are reportable on Form 1099-R.

### Why are SEP and SIMPLE IRA contributions that were made in 2016 for the 2015 tax year not on Form 5498?

IRS rules require calendar year From 5498 reporting of contributions made to a SEP or SIMPLE IRA. While your investor statement may provide a breakdown of the specific tax year of your SEP or SIMPLE IRA contributions, your 2015 Form 5498 is required to report those contributions made during the calendar year of 2015, regardless of the tax year to which those contributions apply.

#### **Maximum Contribution Limits**

Taxpayers can contribute up to amounts shown below for the 2015 tax year. "Catch-Up" contributions, for those shareholders obtaining age 50 by December 31, 2015, are also provide. See <a href="IRS Publication 590-A">IRS Publication 590-A</a> for further eligibility requirements.

IRA Type	Contribution	"Catch-Up"
IKA Type	Limit	Contribution
Traditional IRA	\$5,500	\$1,000
RothIRA	\$5,500	\$1,000
SEPIRA	\$53,000	N/A
SIMPLEIRA	\$12,500	\$3,000

## $Form\ 5498\ ({\rm cont'd})$



Вох	Description
1	Traditional IRA contributions made in 2015 and through April 18, 2016 for the 2015 tax year*
2	Rollover contributions
3	Amount converted or reconverted to a Roth IRA from a Traditional, SEP, or SIMPLE IRA
4	Amount recharacterized from one IRA type to another
5	Fair market value as of 12/31/2015

Вох	Description
7	Type of IRA
8	SEP IRA contributions madein 2015
9	SIMPLE IRA contributions made in 2015
10	Roth IRA contributions for 2015 tax year
11	Will be selected if a Required Minimum Distribution is required to be taken for tax year 2016
	* State of Maine and Massachusetts have until April 19 , 2016 due to Patriot's Day celebrations

Corrected (if checked) (OMB No. 1545-0747)										
FORM 5498 • IRA CONTRIBUTION INFORMATION • 2015										
(1) IRA contributions (2) Rollover (3) Roth IRA contributions (2) Rollover contributions amount amount (3) Roth IRA contributions (4) (5) Fair market value of account as of 12-31-15 (15b) contributions (8) SEP (9) SIMPLE contributions (10) Roth IRA contributions (11) If checked, required minimum distribution for contributions of certain specified assets										
FUND:				Fund-Ac	ct. no.:	(7) Type of II	RA: IRA			
\$550	.00 \$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$12,296.84	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00		\$0.00	
SUMMARY:	SUMMARY:									
\$550	.00 \$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$12,296.84	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00		\$0.00	
FORM <b>5498</b>										

## Form 1099-Q



### What Does Form 1099-Q Report?

Distributions from Coverdell ESA accounts.

### Who Will Receive Form 1099-Q?

Individuals who took a distribution from their Coverdell ESA account in 2015. Trustee to trustee transfers **are** reportable on this form.

Вох	Description
1	Gross distributions including rollovers and transfers
2	Only displays earnings made on excess contributions, otherwise not applicable for 2015
4	Reports if the distribution in Box1 was a trustee to trustee transfer

### **Required Mailing Date**

February 1, 2016

Form 1099-Q • 2015 PAYMENTS FROM QUALIFIED EDUCATION PROGRAMS (UNDER SECTIONS 529 AND 530)									
Fund-Acct. no.	Fund-Acct. no.  (1) Gross distribution*  (2) Earnings ** (3) Basis  (4) Trustee -to-trustee transfer  (5) Program type  (6) If this box is checked, the recipient is not the designated beneficiary  (FMV) as of 12-31-15*								
Fund:	=								
	5,801.56				Coverdell ESA		0.00		
Fund:	\$0. \$0.								
1,847.50 Coverdell ESA 0.00									
Form 1099-Q * For Coverdell ESA Accounts, please see Publication 970 (Tax Benefits for Education) for information about how to calculate the earnings portion of the gross distribution.  ** For Coverdell ESA Accounts, the earnings amount shown includes earnings on excess contribution returns only.									

### Form 5498-ESA



### What Does Form 5498-ESA Report?

Form 5498-ESA reports contributions, rollovers and transfers into a Coverdell Education Savings Account (ESA).

#### Who Will Receive Form 5498-ESA?

Individuals who contributed to a Coverdell ESA account on behalf of a beneficiary for the tax year 2015. A shareholder who transferred assets from one custodian or trustee to another will also receive this form.

### **Required Mailing Date**

May 2, 2016

### **Maximum Contribution Limit**

Contributions up to \$2000 are allowed for the 2015 tax year. See <u>IRS Publication 970</u> for further eligibility requirements.

Вох	Description
1	Coverdell ESA contributions made in 2015 and through April 18, 2016 for the 2015 tax year*
2	Rollovers and transfers made in 2015
	* State of Maine and Massachusetts have a deadline of April 19 , 2016 due to Patriot's Day celebrations

Corrected (if checked) (OMB No. 1545-1815)									
FORM 5498 - ESA • COVERDELL ESA CONTRIBUTION INFORMATION • 2015									
Fund-Acct. (1) Coverdell ESA contributions (2) Rollover contributions no.									
Fund:									
	200.00	0.00							
Summary	200.00	0.00							
FORM 5498-ESA									

### Form 1099-INT

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### What Does Form 1099-INT Report?

Form 1099-INT reports bank deposit-type interest dividends on non-retirement accounts. See the appropriate 1040 tax return instructions to determine the proper manner in which to report this information to the IRS.

#### Who Will Receive It?

Individuals, trusts, estates, partnerships, and certain other institutions. Retirement plan accounts will NOT receive this form.

### **Required Mailing Date**

February 16, 2016

Вох	Description
1	Reports interest income
4	Reports backup withholding to include on your tax returns as taxes withheld

Corrected (if checked) (OMB No. 1545-0112)										
FORM 1099-INT	FORM 1099-INT • INTEREST INCOME • 2015									
Fund-Acct. no.	(1) Interest income	(3) Interest on U.S. savings bonds and treasury obligations	(4) Federal income tax withheld	(6) Foreign tax paid*	(8) Tax-exempt interest	(9) Specified private activity bond interest	(14) Tax-exempt and tax credit bond CUSIP no.	(15) State	(16) State identification no.	(17) State tax withheld
Fund:					PAYER'S Fed. ID no.:					
	36,788.93		0.00	0.00			various			
Form 1099-INT	*Please see instructions	for additional details.								

### Form 592-B



### What Does Form 592-B Report?

Form 592-B reports State of California backup withholding on redemptions and long-term capital gains.

### Who Will Receive Form 592-B?

Accounts subject to federal backup withholding and also reflect a residence of California.

### **Required Mailing Date**

February 1, 2016

Вох	Description
1	Total income subject to backup withholding
3	Reports total backup withholding for the State of California

California Form 592-B • Resident and Nonresident Withholding Tax Statement • 2015								
Part III Type of Income Subject to Withholding. Check the applicable box(es).								
A Payments to Independent Contractors B Trust Distributions C Rents or Royalties D Distributions to Domestic (U.S.) Nonresident Partners/Members/ Beneficiaries/S Corporation Sharehold	E	I ⊠Other	MUTUAL FUND (describe)					
Part IV Tax Withheld				Ĭ				
(1) Total income subject to withholding	(2) Total California tax withheld (excluding backup withholding)		(3) Total backup withholding					
Fund:	Fund: Fund-Acct. no.:							
\$41,928.96	\$0.00			\$2,935.03				
TOTALS \$41,928.96	\$0.00			\$2,935.03				

### Form 1042-S

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### What Does Form 1042-S Report?

Dividends and capital gains from taxable accounts and distributions from IRA and Qualified Plan accounts paid to certified nonresident aliens.

#### Who Will Receive It?

Form 1042-S is mailed to nonresident aliens who received Fund capital gain or dividend distributions on their taxable account or liquidated assets from a retirement account. A nonresident ailien is not a U.S. citizen.

### **Required Mailing Date**

March 15, 2016

Вох	Description				
1	Income code				
2	Gross income paid				
3	Chapter 3 withholding – Y/N				
3a	Chapter 3 exemption code				
3b	Chapter 3 tax rate				
4	Chapter 4 withholding – Y/N				
4a	Chapter 4 exemption code				
4b	Chapter 4 tax rate				
7	Federal tax withheld				
10	10 Total withholding credit				
13e	Recipient's country code				
13h	Recipient's Governmental Issued ID Number (GIIN), if any				

1042-S FORM

(1) Income Code: 06

Department of the Treasury - Internal Revenue Service

ı	FORM 1042-S	<ul> <li>Foreign Person's U.S. Source Income Subject to Withholding</li> </ul>								
Ш		Chapter 3		Chapter 4			(7)	(10)		
	(2) Gross Income	(3) Chapter 3	(3a) Exemption code	(3b) Tax rate	(4) Chapter 4	(4a) Exemption code	(4b) Tax rate	Federal Tax Withheld	Total Withholding Credit	(16) Recipient's Fund-Acct. no.
	18) PAYER'S Name: (19) PAYER'S TIN:									
	264.18	Υ	00	30.00%	N	15	00.00%	79.26	79.26	

### **Additional Resources**

(22)

#### **IRS General Contact**

Forms, instructions and publications can be found at your local IRS office, bank, post office, library, by calling the IRS Forms Distribution Center at 800-TAX-FORM or via <a href="https://www.irs.gov">www.irs.gov</a>.

### **IRS Tele Tax Topics**

Touch tone service on topics, 24 hours/day, 7 days/week at 800-829-4477. See the IRS Form 1040 instructions or IRS Publication 910 for a complete list of Tele TaxTopics.

Publication Number	Publication Title				
3	Armed Forces' TaxGuide				
17	Your Federal Income Tax (For Individuals)				
54	Tax Guide for US Citizensand Resident Aliens Abroad				
505	Tax Withholding & Estimated Tax				
514	Foreign Tax Creditfor Individuals				
515	Nonresident Aliens and Foreign Entities				
525	Taxable and Nontaxable Income				
526	Charitable Contributions				
530	Tax Information for Homeowners				
550	Investment Income and Expenses				
554	Tax Guide for Seniors				
560	SEP, SIMPLE and Qualified Plans				
590-A	IRA Contributions				
590-B	IRA Distributions				
907	Tax Highlights for Persons with Disabilities				
929	Tax Rules for Children & Dependents				
970	Tax Benefits for Education				